

Minerva Access is the Institutional Repository of The University of Melbourne

Author/s:

Vaish, U;Kumar, AA;Varshney, S;Ghosh, S;Sengupta, S;Sood, C;Kar, HK;Sharma, P;Natarajan, VT;Gokhale, RS;Rani, R

Title:

Author Correction: Micro RNAs upregulated in Vitiligo skin play an important role in its aetiopathogenesis by altering TRP1 expression and keratinocyte-melanocytes cross-talk (Scientific Reports, (2019), 9, 1, (10079), 10.1038/s41598-019-46529-6)

Date:

2020-12-01

Citation:

Vaish, U., Kumar, A. A., Varshney, S., Ghosh, S., Sengupta, S., Sood, C., Kar, H. K., Sharma, P., Natarajan, V. T., Gokhale, R. S. & Rani, R. (2020). Author Correction: Micro RNAs upregulated in Vitiligo skin play an important role in its aetiopathogenesis by altering TRP1 expression and keratinocyte-melanocytes cross-talk (Scientific Reports, (2019), 9, 1, (10079), 10.1038/s41598-019-46529-6). Scientific Reports, 10 (1), <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-020-58949-w>.

Persistent Link:

<https://hdl.handle.net/11343/273170>

License:

CC BY

OPEN

Published online: 04 February 2020

Author Correction: Micro RNAs upregulated in Vitiligo skin play an important role in its aetiopathogenesis by altering TRP1 expression and keratinocyte-melanocytes cross-talk

Utpreksha Vaish , Avinash A. Kumar, Swati Varshney, Shreya Ghosh, Shantanu Sengupta, Chandni Sood, Hemanta K. Kar, Pankaj Sharma, Vivek T. Natarajan, Rajesh S. Gokhale & Rajni Rani 

Correction to: *Scientific Reports* <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-019-46529-6>, published online 12 July 2019

In Figure 4c, the TRP1 blot for Sample 2 was inadvertently duplicated from the TRP1 blot for Sample 1. As a result, Figure 4e is incorrect. The correct Figure 4 appears below as Figure 1.

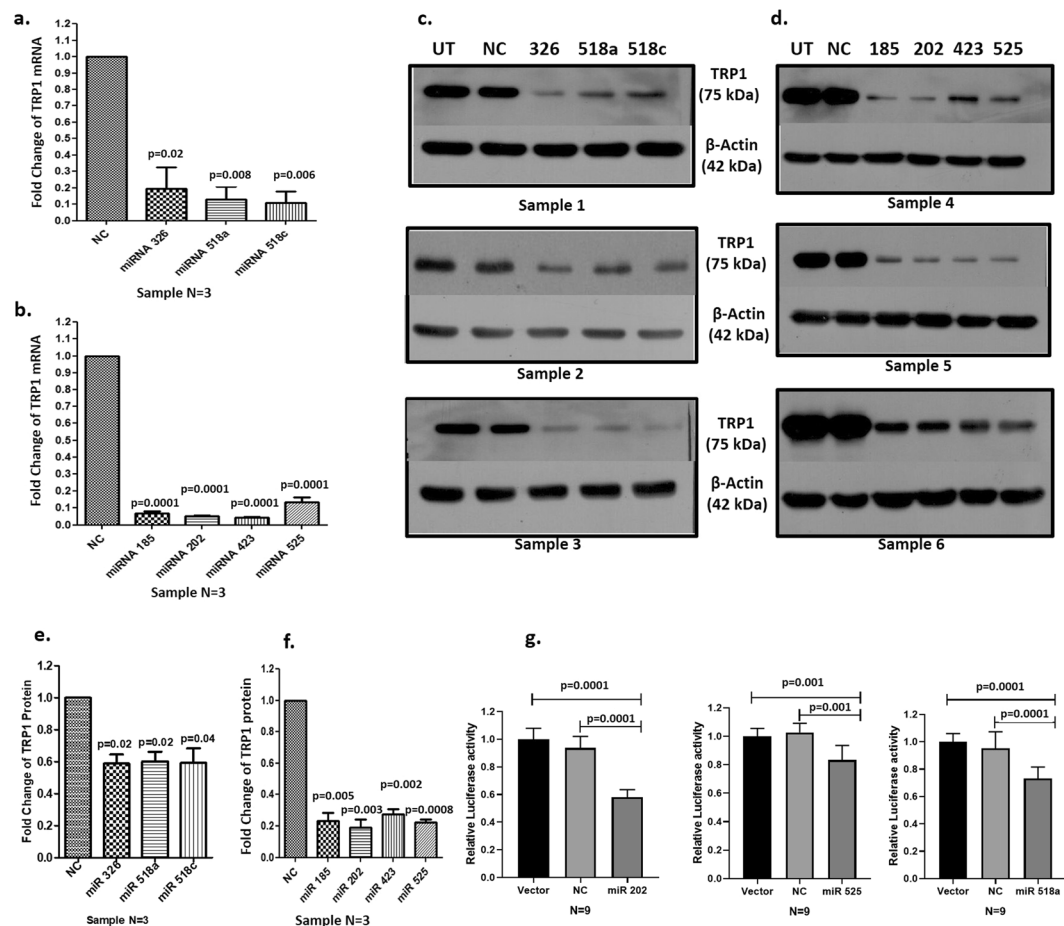


Figure 1.

Additionally, in the Supplementary Information file, in the corresponding full blot image in figure S12 the TRP1 blot for Sample 2 was inadvertently duplicated from the TRP1 blot for Sample 1. The correct supplementary figure appears below as Figure 2.

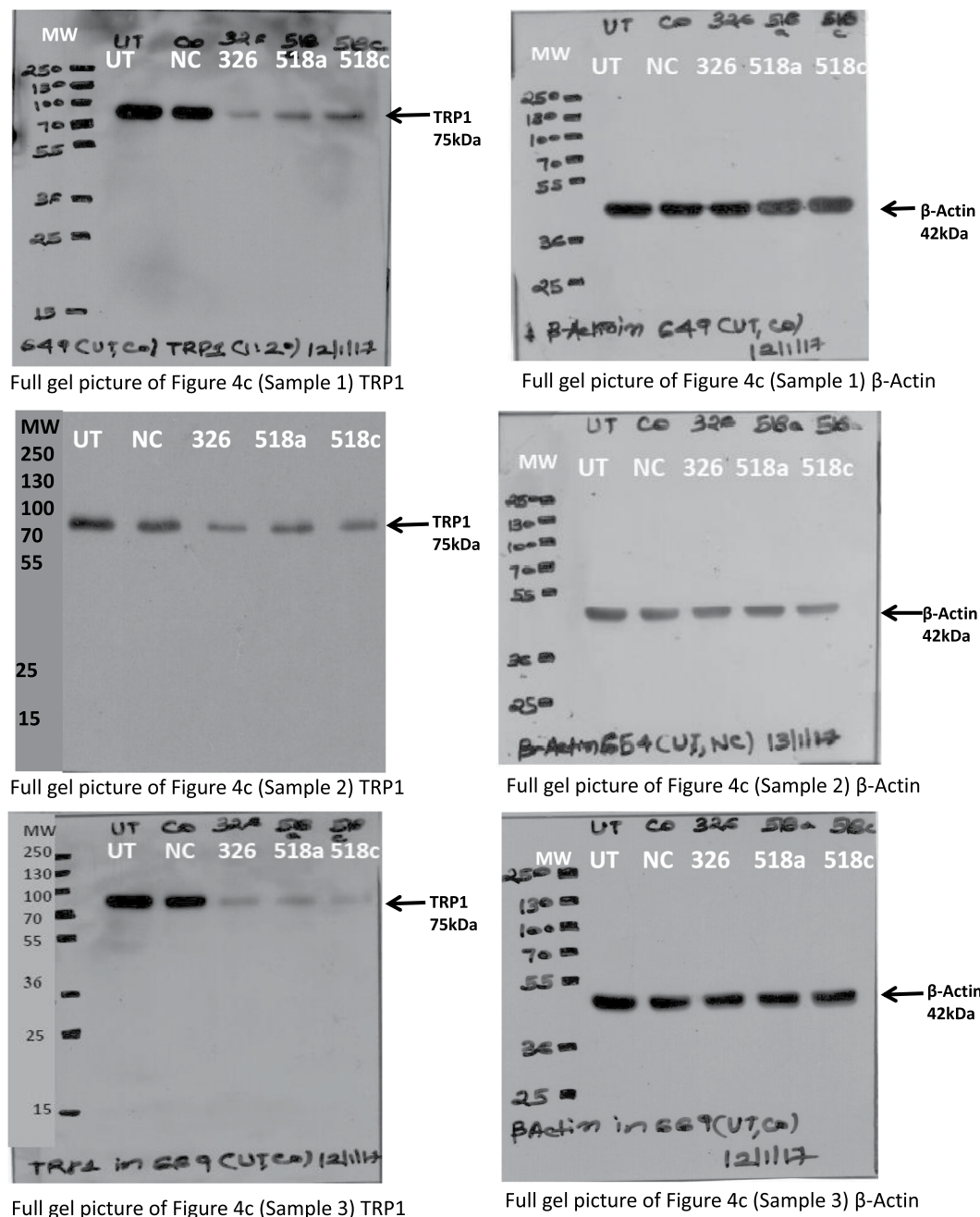


Figure 2.

Open Access This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons license, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons license, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons license and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this license, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>.

© The Author(s) 2020